



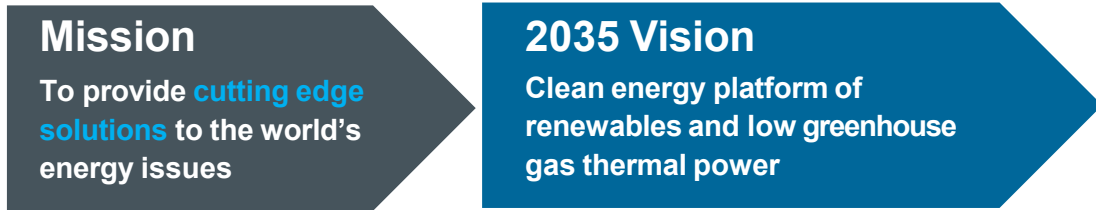
JERA's Decarbonization Initiatives

Hydrogen and Ammonia as an Alternative Sustainable Fuel

November 2024

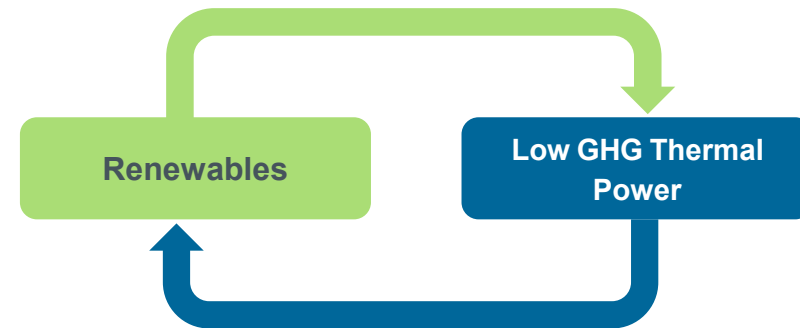
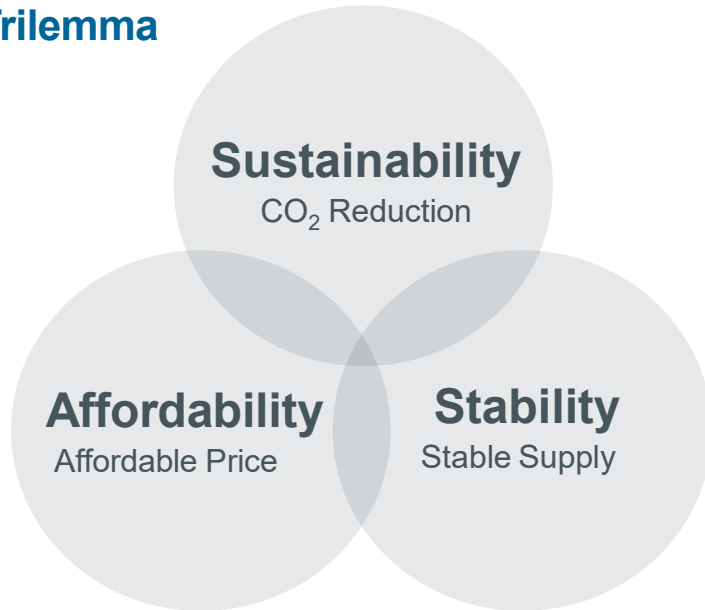
JERA's Mission & Vision

- The world's energy issue is to solve the energy trilemma- achieving sustainability, affordability and stability simultaneously.
- JERA's business model is addressing the energy trilemma by combining renewables and low greenhouse gas thermal power in a practical and responsible way.
- Expansion of cutting-edge solutions from Japan to Asia and the world.



The intermittency of renewables, created due to natural fluctuations in wind and sunlight, combined with a lack of electricity storage technology and capacity, means low greenhouse gas thermal power will play a critical role in the energy transition

Energy Trilemma

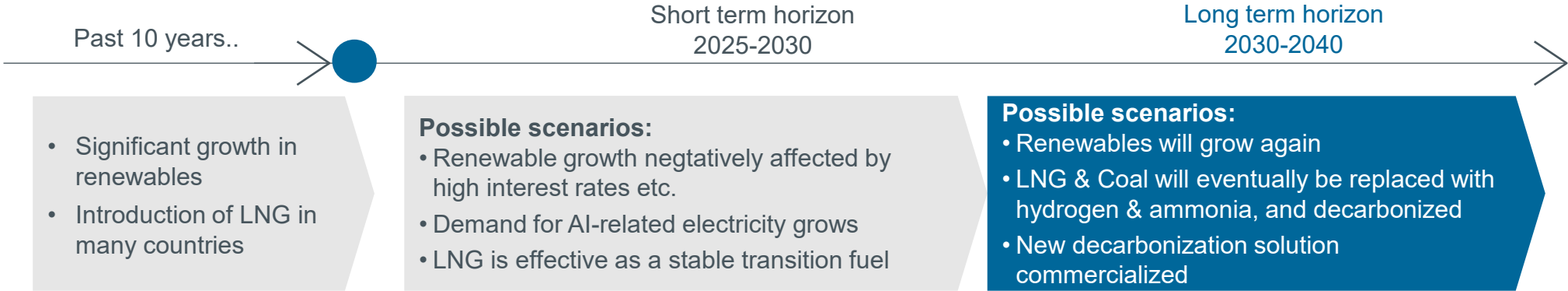


JERA's Journey of Energy Transition: Aiming for the Future through Long-Term Perspective and Agile Portfolio Adaptation



- As the times change, effective solutions also evolve. JERA maintains 3 business areas (LNG, Renewables, Hydrogen & Ammonia) from a long-term perspective, agilely adapting the portfolio in accordance with the business environment.
- By 2035, JERA aims to handle over **35 million** tons of LNG, increase renewable capacity to **20 GW**, and manage approximately **7 million** tons of hydrogen & ammonia.

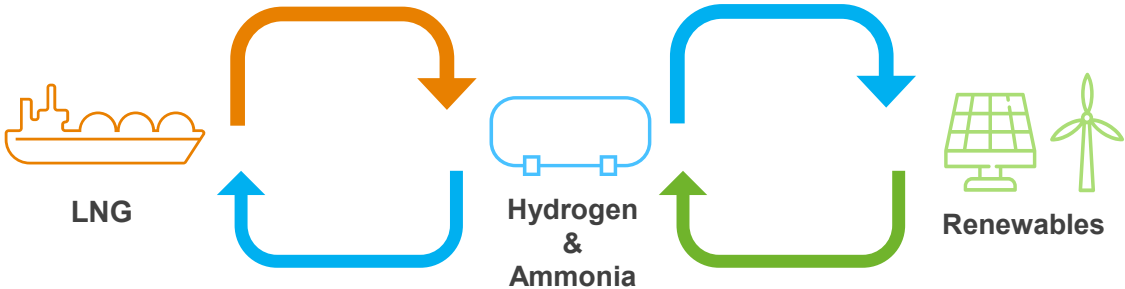
Changing Business Environment



Flexible decision-making operations x Common foundation of optimization and O&M x Synergy between 3 business areas

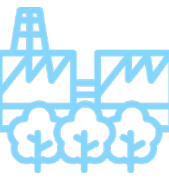
JERA's Unique Position

Synergy between 3 business areas:



- **Blue Hydrogen & Ammonia:** Full utilization of LNG value chain i.e., gas field development (CCS), transportation, thermal power O&M capabilities, and trust relationship with oil majors
- **Green Hydrogen & Ammonia:** In addition to LNG value chain, large-scale renewable energy development, and O&M capabilities, we leverage our trust relationship with renewable players

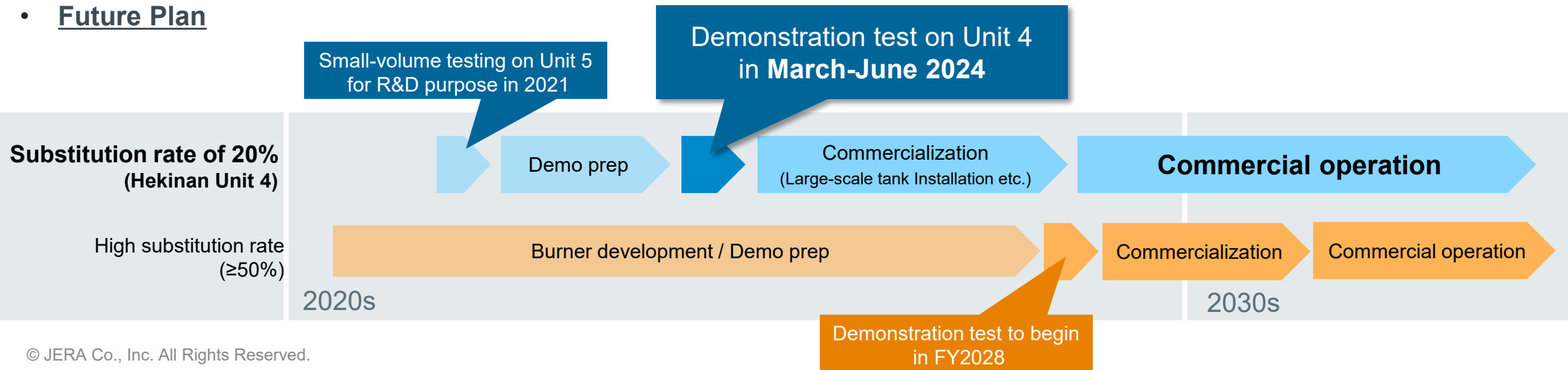
JERA's Ammonia Fuel Substitution Demonstration Tests: Summary and Steps for Commercial Operation and High-ratio Combustion



- World's first demonstration test of large-volume fuel ammonia substitution (20% of heating value) at a large-scale commercial coal-fired thermal power plant funded by NEDO.

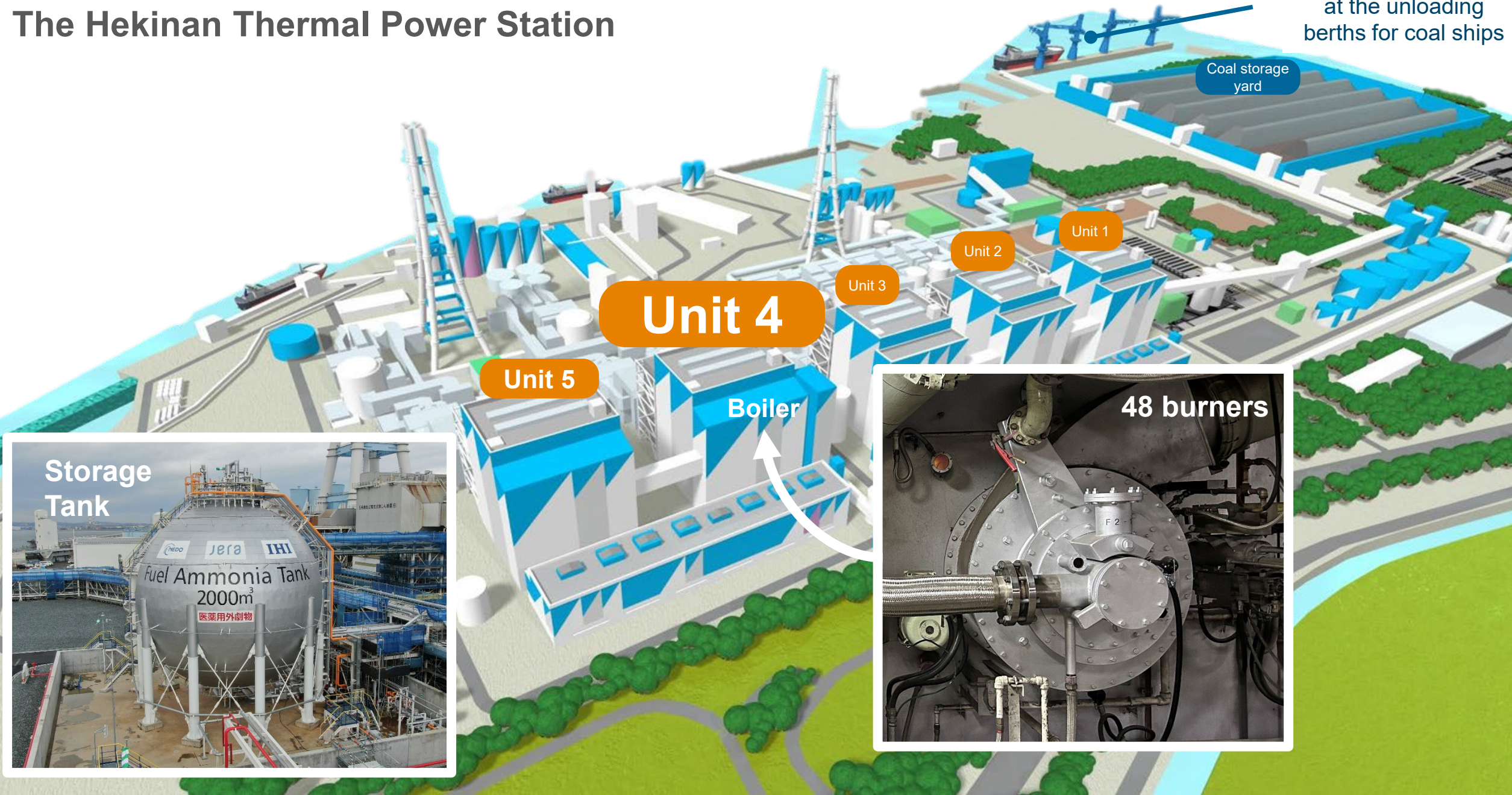
Item	Content
Project location	HEKINAN Thermal Power Station - Unit 4 (Output: 1GW) / JERA,IHI
Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Establish ammonia substitution technology at a large-scale commercial coal-fired power plant ✓ Evaluate both boiler heat absorption characteristics, environmental impact and operation ability
Project Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Modify and replace all 48 existing burners for ammonia firing ✓ Construct the facilities for ammonia fuel supply and sufficient equipment for safety operation
Ammonia Usage	approx. 40,000 tons
Ammonia Receiving	Unloading arm for fuel ammonia at coal jetty for demonstration test purpose

• Future Plan



JERA's Demonstration Test of 20% ammonia conversion: The Hekinan Thermal Power Station

Ammonia is received
at the unloading
berths for coal ships



Coal storage
yard

Unit 1

Unit 2

Unit 3

Unit 4

Unit 5

Boiler

48 burners



Storage
Tank

Results of Hekinan 20% ammonia generation test

Technical Specifications	
Duration of demonstration tests	2024.4.1~6.26 (including actual test days: 53 days)
Fuel ammonia power generation time	Approximately 520 hours
Fuel ammonia consumption	Approximately 31,000 tons (Total of 4 ammonia ships)
Rated Output	1,000 MW

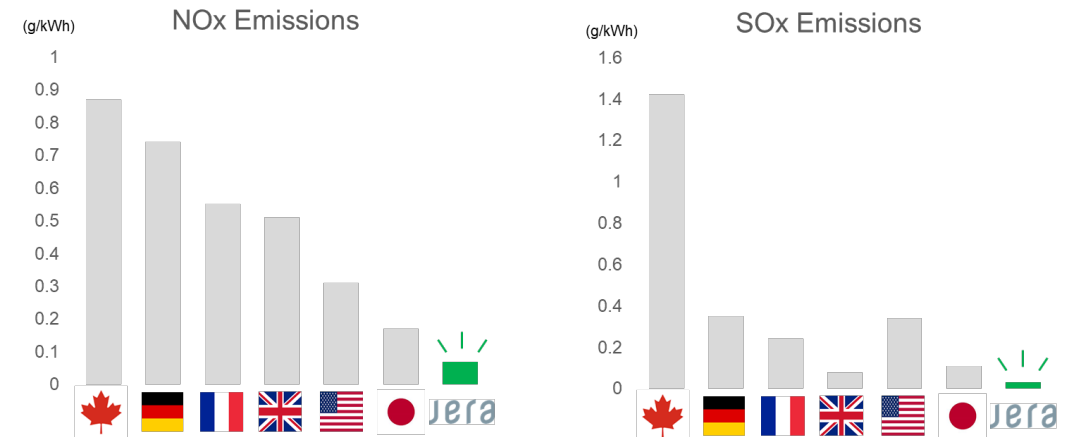
Exhaust gas characteristics

- NOx**
Coal equivalent
- SOx and dust**
Approx. 20% reduction
- N₂O**
Not detected

Plant operational performance

- Load change rate**
1.0%/min
Coal equivalent
- Range of load change**
400MW~1,000MW
Coal equivalent

- NOx/SOx emissions characteristics compared to JERA's world-leading emissions profile.



JERA's efforts to support Asia's Energy Transition



- For optimal energy transition for each country in Asia, JERA signed MOU regarding decarbonization activities with various energy companies in Asia
- Purposes and targets of each MOU are mainly classified into items as follows:
- **Decarbonization Roadmap**, **Ammonia/Hydrogen Substitution/Supply Chain**, **CCUS**, etc.




Malaysia

- MOU signed with IHI for collaboration towards expansion of **ammonia** in Malaysia's energy sector to support decarbonization (2022.10)





Thailand - January 2023

- MOU signed with EGCO for collaboration on decarbonization initiatives
- MOU signed with multiple parties for conducting feasibility study for **ammonia substitution** at the BLCP thermal power station




Indonesia

- MOU signed with PLN and JGC regarding **CCS** feasibility study (2023.10)
- MOU signed with PT PLN Energi Primer Indonesia on LNG Value Chain Development (2024.02)
- Conducting "**Master Plan** for Energy Transition Management Project in Indonesia" in collaboration with PLN as JICA program (2024.02)




Malaysia

- JSA signed with PETRONAS to Explore Feasibility of the Entire **Carbon Capture and Storage** Value Chain between Japan and Malaysia (2024.04)




Thailand - May 2023

- MOU signed with PTT on Building a **Hydrogen and Ammonia Supply Chain** for Decarbonization of Thailand




Indonesia

- MOU signed with Pertamina (Persero) to collaborate on Business Opportunity Discussion and Potential Collaboration (2023.12)







Singapore - August 2022

- MOU signed with MHI and Jurong Port to jointly explore establishing **100% ammonia fired power** plant combined with bunkering operations in Singapore




Philippines - February 2023

- MOU signed under witness of President Marcos to consider **ammonia substitution** in Philippines to support decarbonization

Vietnam - October 2023

- MOU signed with EVN for Cooperation on **Decarbonization Roadmap**

Jera

Energy for a New Era