# **CRT Flexi-Fuel Ammonia Fuel Cell**

**Clean, Modular Power Enabling the Future of Decarbonized Energy** 

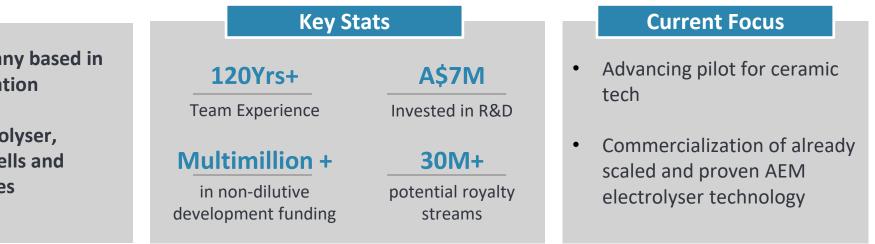
**Cavendish Renewable Technology** 

Dr. Ani Kulkarni, CEO June 2025 The project gratefully received funding from the Australian Renewable Energy Agency (ARENA) as part of ARENA's Hydrogen Research and Development Funding Round, awarded to Cavendish Renewable Technology Pty Ltd for the project titled Efficient, Scalable, and Modular Ammonia to Hydrogen/Electricity Conversion System. The views expressed herein are not necessarily the views of the Australian Government, and the Australian Government does not accept responsibility for any information or advice contained herein

### **Company Snapshot**

About

- Australian Cleantech Company based in Melbourne, 4 years in operation
- Focused on hydrogen electrolyser, natural gas/ammonia fuel cells and carbon recycling technologies



#### **Core Technologies**

Two core technology domains:

- Polymer Electrochemistry -AEM Electrolyser
  scalable, cost-effective green hydrogen/derivatives, proven at industrial scale and out of lab. Licensed to multinational and more JV/Licensing discussions
- Ceramic Electrochemistry next-generation electrolyser C-Cell (highest efficiency without external heat), ammonia/NG fuel cells and CO<sub>2</sub> recycling for clean steel

#### Team and Partnerships

Collaboration ecosystem: Partnerships with leading US/Australian universities and global multibillion dollar industrial powerhouse
 Facilities & Team: 11 scientists/engineers, 2 workshops in Melbourne, industrial scale electrolyser test platform
 Governance: Board with strong techno-commercial expertise and startup ecosystem

## **Track Record of Innovation – From Lab to Market**

- **Delivered industrial-scale hydrogen electrolyser to partner** as part of a multi-million-dollar development and licensing agreement, with ongoing royalties for Indian production.
- Scaled proprietary electrode coating and stack technology over four years, demonstrating commercial readiness and manufacturing capability.
- Now focused on Ammonia fuel cells and CO<sub>2</sub> recycling , leveraging dedicated, state-of-the-art facilities in Rowville, including CRT's in-house workshop and state of the art CO<sub>2</sub> recycling testing labs







### **Collaborations/ Partners/ Commercial Contracts**







# **Ammonia Utilisation Challenges & Opportunities**

### Challenges

- **Poor Combustion** 
  - Low flame speed and high NO<sub>x</sub> emissions
- **Cracking Requirements** Needs high-temperature reactors and catalysts
- **Costly Purification** Traditional H<sub>2</sub> systems rely on palladium membranes

#### **Integration Complexity**

Hard to use with conventional engines or variable loads

### **Opportunities**



#### **Carbon-Free & Renewable**

Burns or cracks without producing CO<sub>2</sub>. Enables deep decarbonisation using renewable electricity.



4

#### **High Energy Density & Storage**

High volumetric energy density and easier to store than hydrogen (liquefies under moderate pressure or cooling).

#### **Established Infrastructure & Scalable Export**

Compatible with existing global transport and storage systems. Suitable for large-scale energy export (e.g. Australia to Asia).

#### Versatile & Cost-Effective

Usable in combustion engines, fuel cells, or for hydrogen production. Supported by mature industrial processes and a wide global supply.

# **Ammonia Efficiency**

Application	Net Energy Output(MWh per ton NH₃)	Net Efficiency(% of energy input)
PEMFC – Residential Power (CHP)	2.9 – 4.5	29% – 45%
PEMFC – Automotive Power/Grid	1.4 – 2.3	14% – 23%
SOFC – Residential Power (CHP)/Grid	3.7 – 5.2	37% – 54%
Gas Turbine – Combined Cycle (Stationary)	2.6 - 3.4	33% - 64%
Internal Combustion Engine – Automotive	1.8 – 2.5	18% – 25%
Maritime Propulsion (Engine or Fuel Cell)	2.1 – 3.4	40% – 65%
Industrial Heating / High-Temp Processes	4.2 - 4.6	81% - 90%

# Why This Technology Is Needed

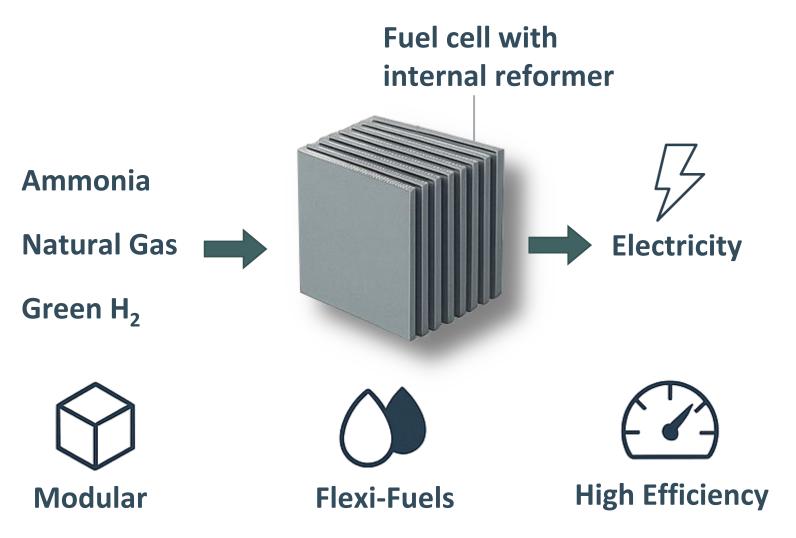
Rapid global electrification is increasing demand for distributed, reliable power Conventional solutions are **expensive**, **emission-heavy**, or **fuel-restricted** 

### **Our Solution**

#### **High Efficiency** Technology Limitation Direct chemical-to-electrical conversion with minimal losses Internal Ammonia Cracking SOFCs use waste heat to efficiently crack ammonia High emissions & **Diesel Generators** maintenance Zero Combustion (G No flame = no $NO_x$ emissions Limited duration; poor NH3 🚫 **Fuel Flexibility** scalability **Batteries** H₂ () CH₄ () Accepts ammonia, hydrogen, or natural gas Modular & Scalable Expensive & impurity-Ideal for data centres, remote power, and backup sensitive Palladium Membranes Silent Operation I IX No moving parts = low noise

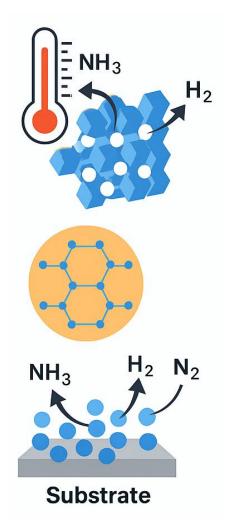
**Challenges with Existing Energy Solutions** 

# **Our Technology**



### **Novelty**

- High Conversion Efficiency at Moderate Temperatures: CRT's patented oxide catalysts (CRT-CAT-1 to CAT-3) consistently achieve >99.9% ammonia conversion at 400 °-450 °C without relying on palladium/metal membranes, enabling SOFC integration at lower thermal loads.
- Advanced Nano-Engineered Structure: The catalysts feature high surface area, and mesoporous architecture (~4 nm pores), enhancing gas diffusion and active site exposure for superior catalytic performance.
- Dual-Function Integration with Substrate: When supported on CRT's microengineered substrates, the catalysts not only crack ammonia but also partially purify the gas stream, selectively filtering nitrogen and delivering hydrogen suitable for direct SOFC or PEM use—eliminating the need for costly external separator



### NH<sub>3</sub> 10 kW Test System



Key Features

- Fuel Compatibility: 100% anhydrous ammonia, natural gas or hydrogen
- Flexible Configuration: Supports multiple unit formats (SOFC stacks, reactors, reformers)
- Thermal Control: Precision temperature regulation up to 850°C
- Gas Monitoring: Integrated mass flow controllers and sampling ports

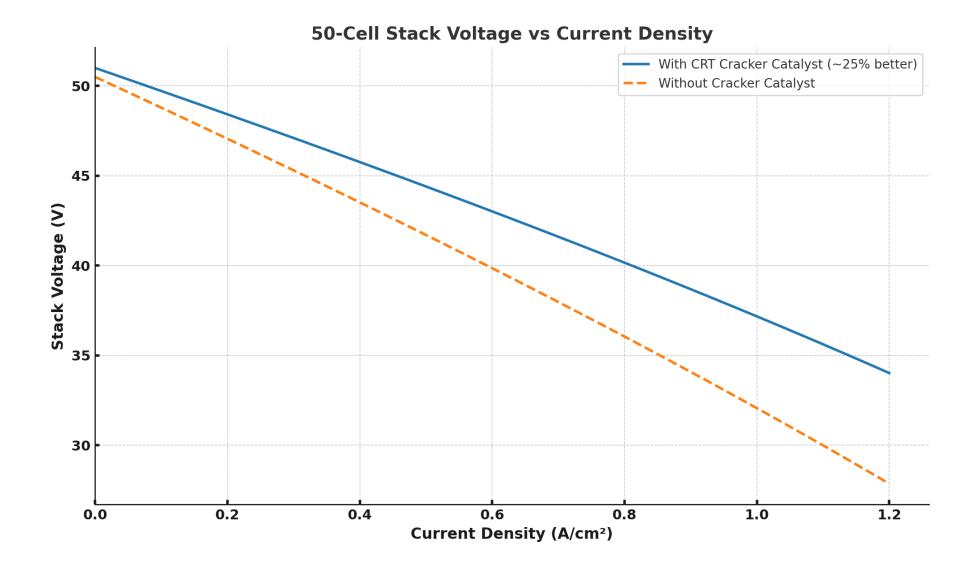


- Power Support: Up to 10 kW unit testing
- Cycle Testing: Automated thermal/electrical cycling
- Safety Systems: NH<sub>3</sub> detectors, automatic shutdown, exhaust handling

### Applications

- SOFC system validation
- Ammonia cracker development
- Long-term durability trials
- Start-stop and transient testing

### Data: 50 cell stack



### **CRT Flexi Fuel : Ammonia, Natural gas**



Natural gas, ammonia, or green hydrogen to electricity

54% efficiency

CRT's novel design ensures maximum conversion, while reducing costs by avoiding the use of expensive critical materials such as Palladium

\$1.7m from ARENA for fundamental R&D

Modular design

# Thank you

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